

# Chapter 1

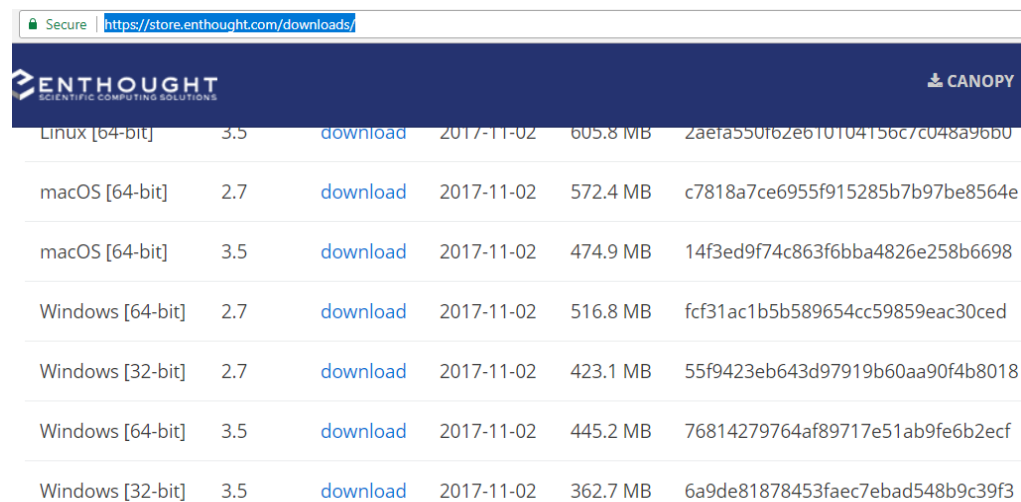
## Installation of Software

### 1. Installation Options

In this chapter, we mainly discuss installation procedures and working with different IDEs. We would demonstrate how to install necessary software to work in Windows 10. At the end of this chapter, we would like to demonstrate the ways to work with Linux by installing Ubuntu Linux in Oracle VirtualBox for host Windows 10. We have incorporated program snippets and snapshots to work with Canopy and Anaconda for Jupyter Notebook.

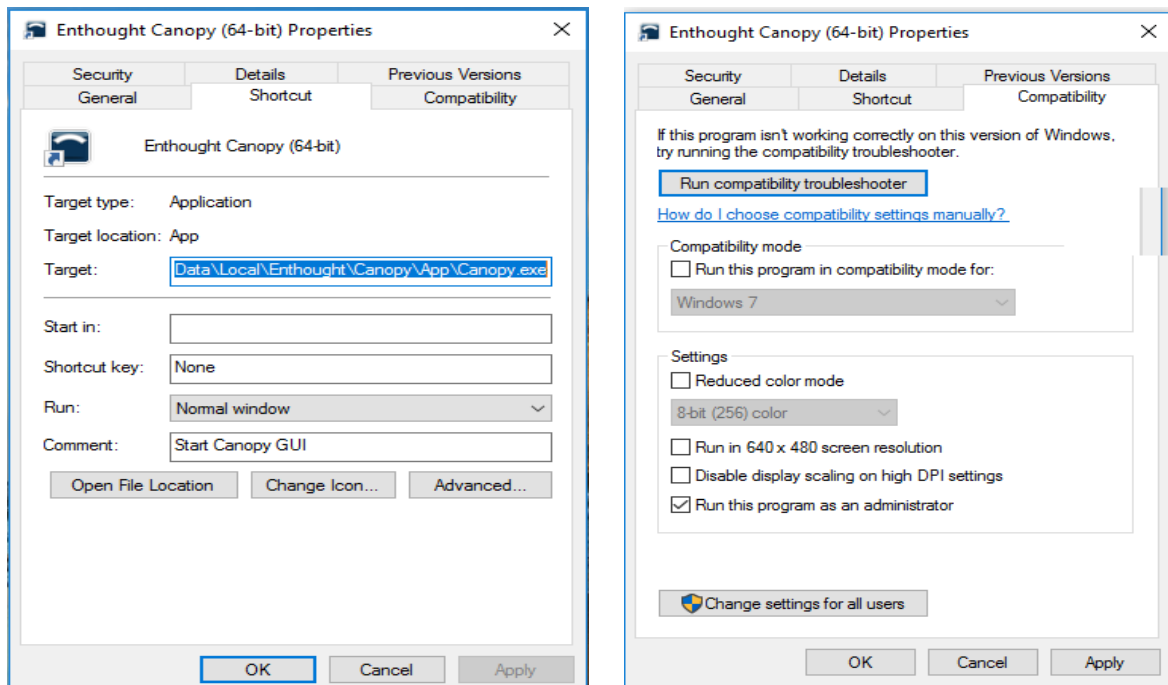
#### 1.1 Canopy for Windows 10

**Install Python IDE:** Canopy, must be for Python 3.5 or above, 64-bit (I did this for Windows 10, but compatible with Windows 7 without any issue). Download Canopy from the link <https://store.enthought.com/downloads/>



Secure   <a href="https://store.enthought.com/downloads/">https://store.enthought.com/downloads/</a>					
<b>ENTHOUGHT</b> SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING SOLUTIONS <b>CANOPY</b>					
Linux [64-bit]	3.5	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	605.8 MB	2aefa550f62e610104156c7c048a96b0
macOS [64-bit]	2.7	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	572.4 MB	c7818a7ce6955f915285b7b97be8564e
macOS [64-bit]	3.5	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	474.9 MB	14f3ed9f74c863f6bba4826e258b6698
Windows [64-bit]	2.7	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	516.8 MB	fcf31ac1b5b589654cc59859eac30ced
Windows [32-bit]	2.7	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	423.1 MB	55f9423eb643d97919b60aa90f4b8018
Windows [64-bit]	3.5	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	445.2 MB	76814279764af89717e51ab9fe6b2ecf
Windows [32-bit]	3.5	<a href="#">download</a>	2017-11-02	362.7 MB	6a9de81878453faec7ebad548b9c39f3

Once installation is finished, you must run this as an administrator: Right click on the Canopy icon displayed on your desktop, and open the Properties from this (as in the picture). Check the box *Run this program as an administrator*.



**Install JDK:** Download and install Java Development Kit, JDK 8. Please do not use JDK 9 as Apache Spark is still not compatible to it. See the JDK in the downloading site

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html>

Scroll down to the page and find Java SE 8u151/8u152, and choose to JDK to go to the download page.

**Java SE 8u151/ 8u152**

Java SE 8u151 includes important bug fixes. Oracle strongly recommends that all Java SE 8 users upgrade to this release. Java SE 8u152 is a patch-set update, including all of 8u151 plus additional features (described in the release notes).

[Learn more](#)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Installation Instructions</li> <li>Release Notes</li> <li>Oracle License</li> <li>Java SE Licensing Information User Manual <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Includes Third Party Licenses</li> </ul> </li> <li>Certified System Configurations</li> <li>Readme Files <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>JDK ReadMe</li> <li>JRE ReadMe</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<div> <p><b>JDK</b></p> <p>DOWNLOAD</p> </div> <div> <p><b>Server JRE</b></p> <p>DOWNLOAD</p> </div> <div> <p><b>JRE</b></p> <p>DOWNLOAD</p> </div>
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Select the option JDK to start download agreement as in the next picture, and *Accept License Agreement* to start downloading (I choose to Windows x64, you may have different choice).

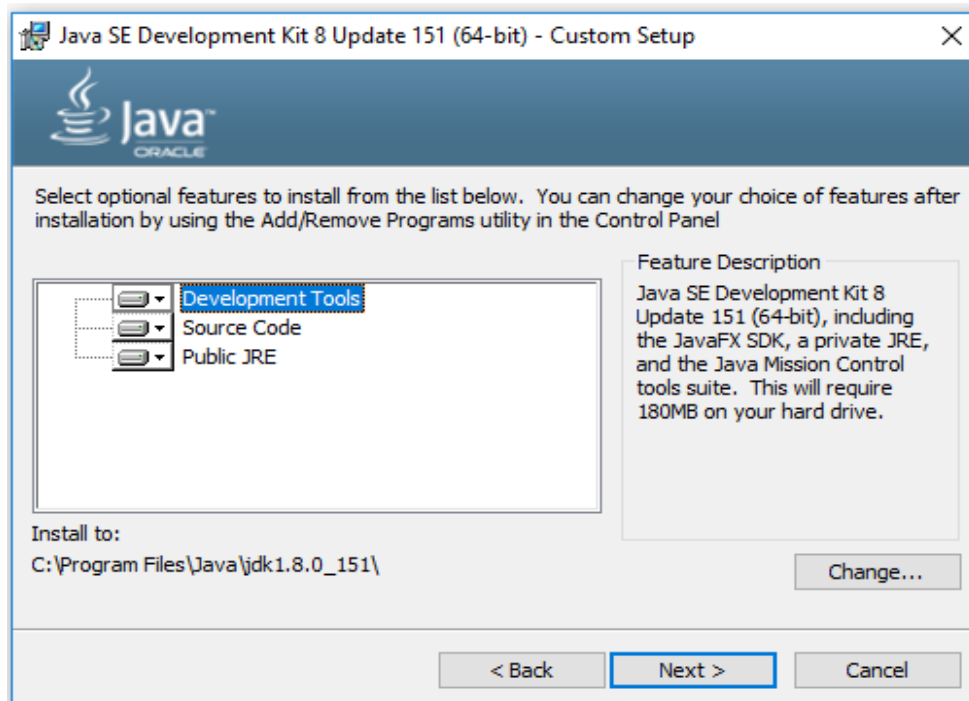
## Java SE Development Kit 8u151

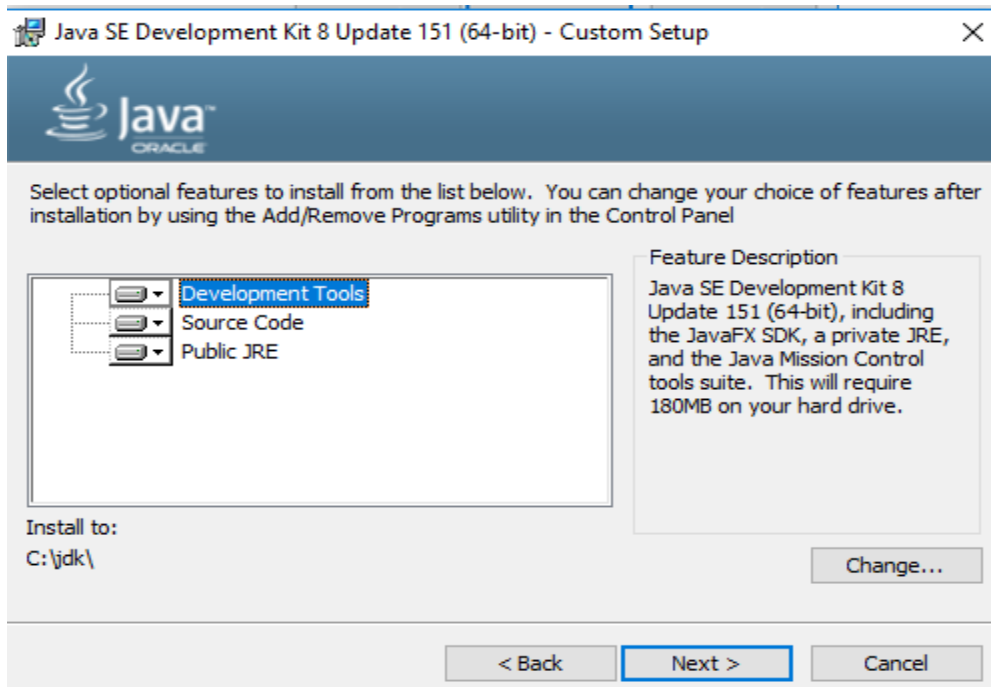
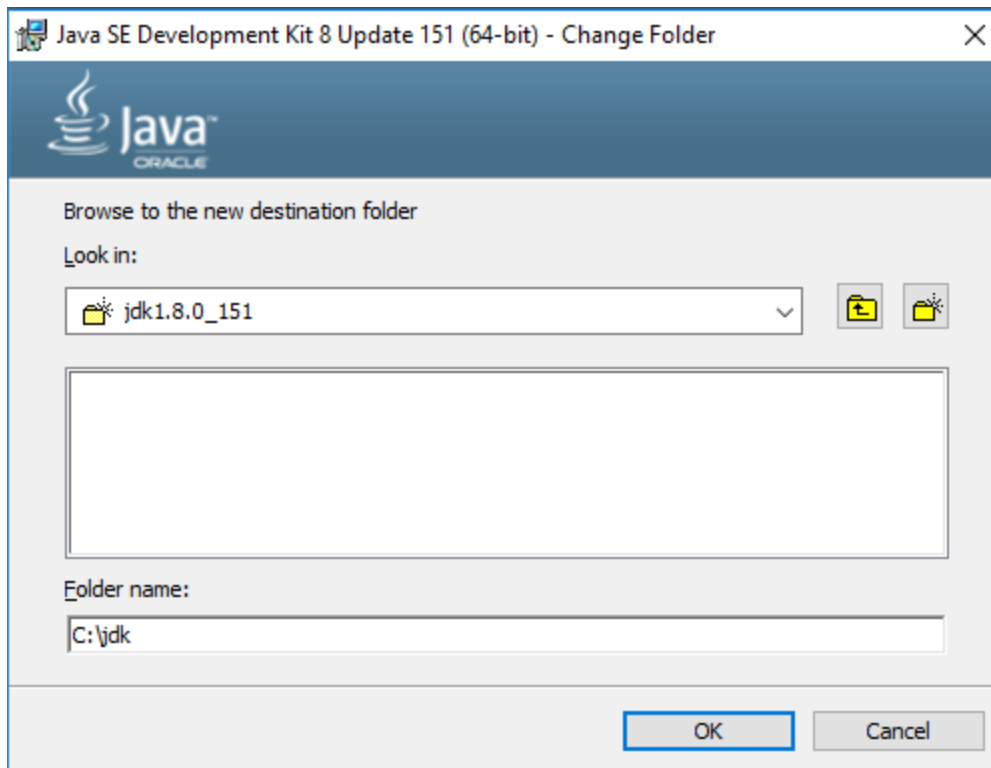
You must accept the [Oracle Binary Code License Agreement for Java SE](#) to download this software.

☐ Accept License Agreement ☐ Decline License Agreement

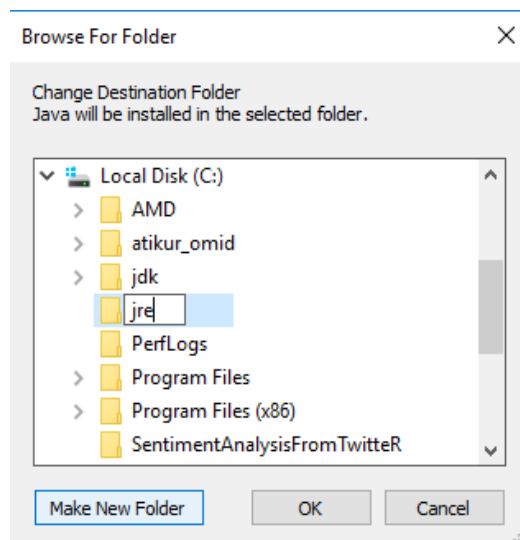
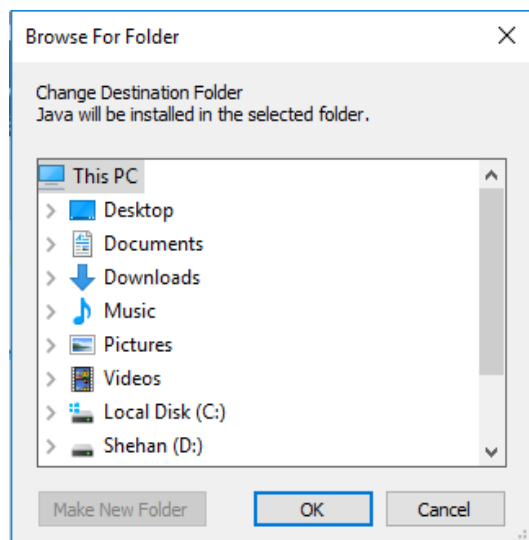
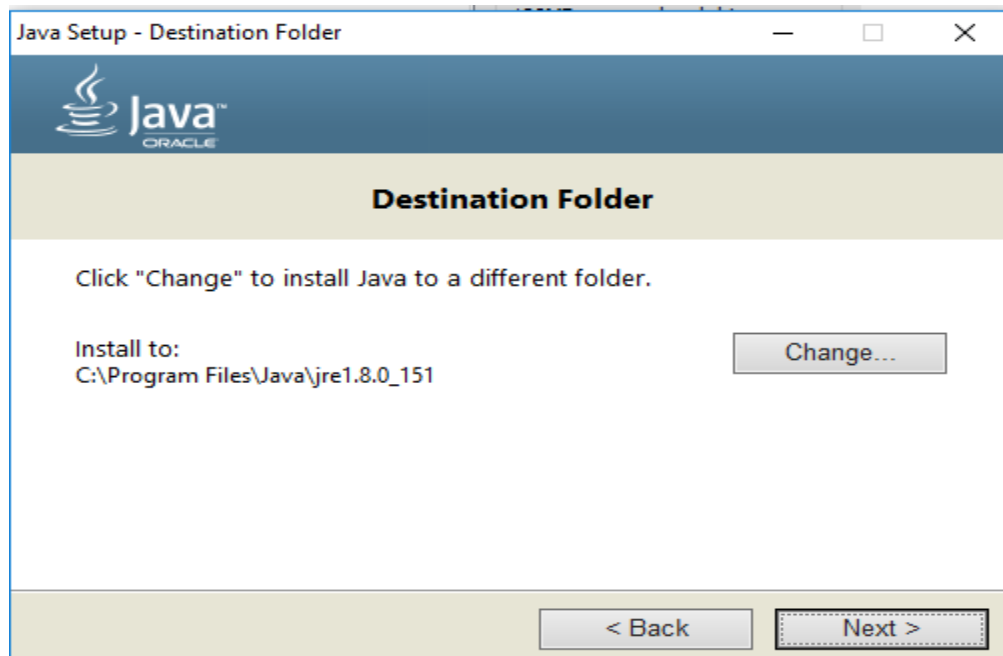
Product / File Description	File Size	Download
Linux ARM 32 Hard Float ABI	77.9 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-linux-arm32-vfp-hflt.tar.gz</a>
Linux ARM 64 Hard Float ABI	74.85 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-linux-arm64-vfp-hflt.tar.gz</a>
Linux x86	168.95 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-linux-i586.rpm</a>
Linux x86	183.73 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-linux-i586.tar.gz</a>
Linux x64	166.1 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-linux-x64.rpm</a>
Linux x64	180.95 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-linux-x64.tar.gz</a>
macOS	247.06 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-macosx-x64.dmg</a>
Solaris SPARC 64-bit	140.06 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-solaris-sparcv9.tar.Z</a>
Solaris SPARC 64-bit	99.32 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-solaris-sparcv9.tar.gz</a>
Solaris x64	140.65 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-solaris-x64.tar.Z</a>
Solaris x64	97 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-solaris-x64.tar.gz</a>
Windows x86	198.04 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-windows-i586.exe</a>
Windows x64	205.95 MB	<a href="#">jdk-8u151-windows-x64.exe</a>

Install JDK from the downloaded file. Be careful about the path, default installation goes to C:\Program Files\Java\ and you should redirect the installation to C:\jdk\ . To do that click on *Change* as in the pictures below.

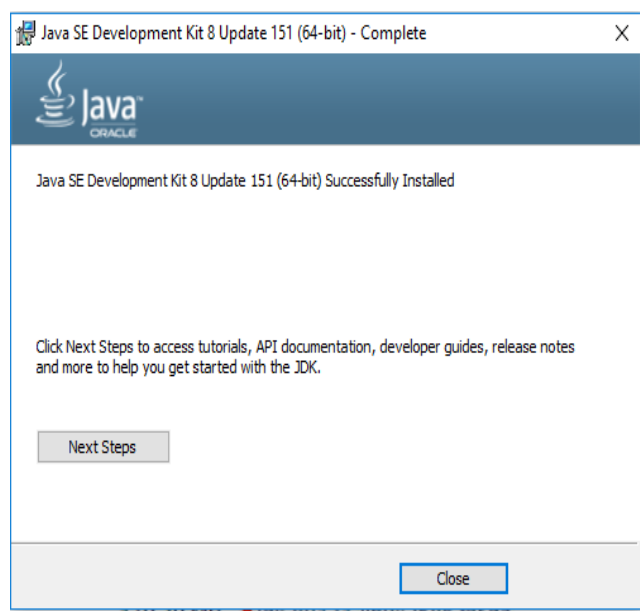
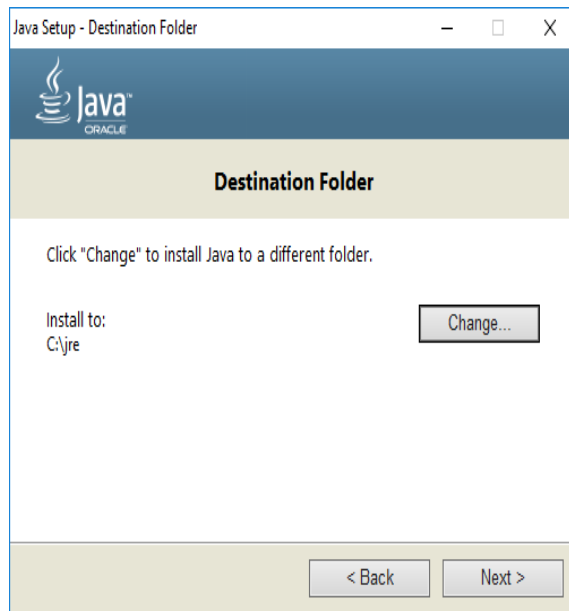




Install this by clicking on *Next*. Then install run Java runtime as can be alerted in the picture below, you should change the destination folder for this installation too.



Select the C drive and *Make New Folder*, name the new folder to *jre* and press the OK button. Installation begins as you press the *Next* button (as shown below). See the message *Java SE Development Kit 8 Update 151 (64-bit) Successfully Installed* and then *Close* the window. Installation complete!!!



**Install Apache Spark:** We have already installed Canopy for Python and JDK. Now we are ready to install Apache Spark. Download from <https://spark.apache.org/> through a click on *Download Spark* button (as in the picture).



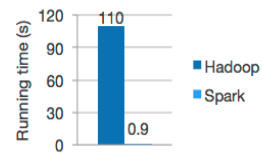
[Download](#) [Libraries](#) [Documentation](#) [Examples](#) [Community](#) [Developers](#) [Apache Software Foundation](#)

Apache Spark™ is a fast and general engine for large-scale data processing.

## Speed

Run programs up to 100x faster than Hadoop MapReduce in memory, or 10x faster on disk.

Apache Spark has an advanced DAG execution engine that supports acyclic data flow and in-memory computing.



Logistic regression in Hadoop and Spark

### Latest News

Spark 2.2.1 released (Dec 01, 2017)  
Spark 2.1.2 released (Oct 09, 2017)  
Spark Summit Europe (October 24-26th, 2017, Dublin, Ireland) agenda posted (Aug 28, 2017)  
Spark 2.2.0 released (Jul 11, 2017)

[Archive](#)

[Download Spark](#)



[Download](#) [Libraries](#) [Documentation](#) [Examples](#) [Community](#)

## Download Apache Spark™

1. Choose a Spark release:
2. Choose a package type:
3. Download Spark: [spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7.tgz](#)
4. Verify this release using the [2.2.1 signatures and checksums](#) and [project release KEYS](#).

Click on [spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7.tgz](#) to download the tgz file.



We suggest the following mirror site for your download:

<http://mirror.intergrid.com.au/apache/spark/spark-2.2.1/spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7.tgz>

Other mirror sites are suggested below. Please use the backup mirrors only to download PGP and MD5 signature working.

## HTTP

<http://apache.melbourneitmirror.net/spark/spark-2.2.1/spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7.tgz>

Select the suggested mirror site and the download will start immediately. Keep in mind that the file is in tgz format and we need to use WinRAR to unzip this. So download and install WinRAR from the link in the picture shown below, I have used WinRAR x64 (64 bit) 5.50 for my Windows 10 machine (but can be used with other versions of windows).

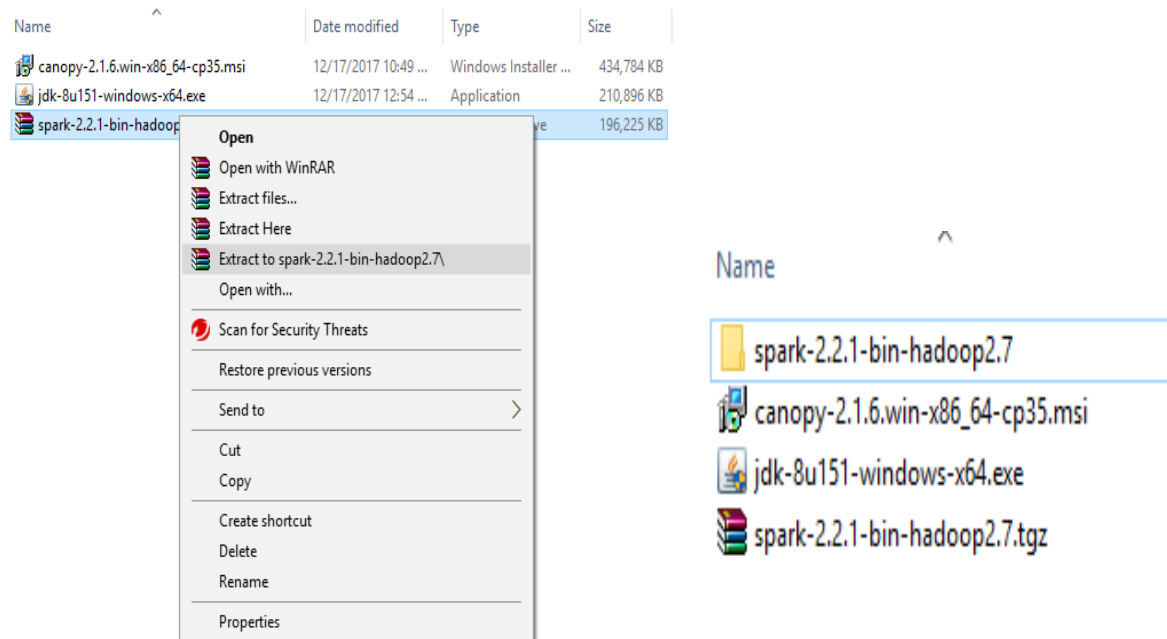


### WinRAR and RAR archiver downloads

<b>Home</b>	<b>English WinRAR and RAR release</b>
<b>RAR</b>	Software name
News	<a href="#">WinRAR x86 (32 bit) 5.50</a>
Themes	<a href="#">WinRAR x64 (64 bit) 5.50</a>
Extras	<a href="#">RAR for Android on Google Play</a>
<b>Downloads</b>	<a href="#">RAR for Android 5.50 build 45 local copy</a>
<b>Dealers</b>	<a href="#">RAR 5.50 for Linux</a>
Feedback	<a href="#">RAR 5.50 for Linux x64</a>
Partnership	<a href="#">RAR 5.50 for FreeBSD</a>
	<a href="#">RAR 5.50 for Mac OS X</a>
	<a href="#">WinRAR interface themes</a>



Go to the folder where the Spark `tgz` file is downloaded. Right click on the file and extract to `spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7`, this will create a folder and you will see many folders and files inside (as in the picture below).



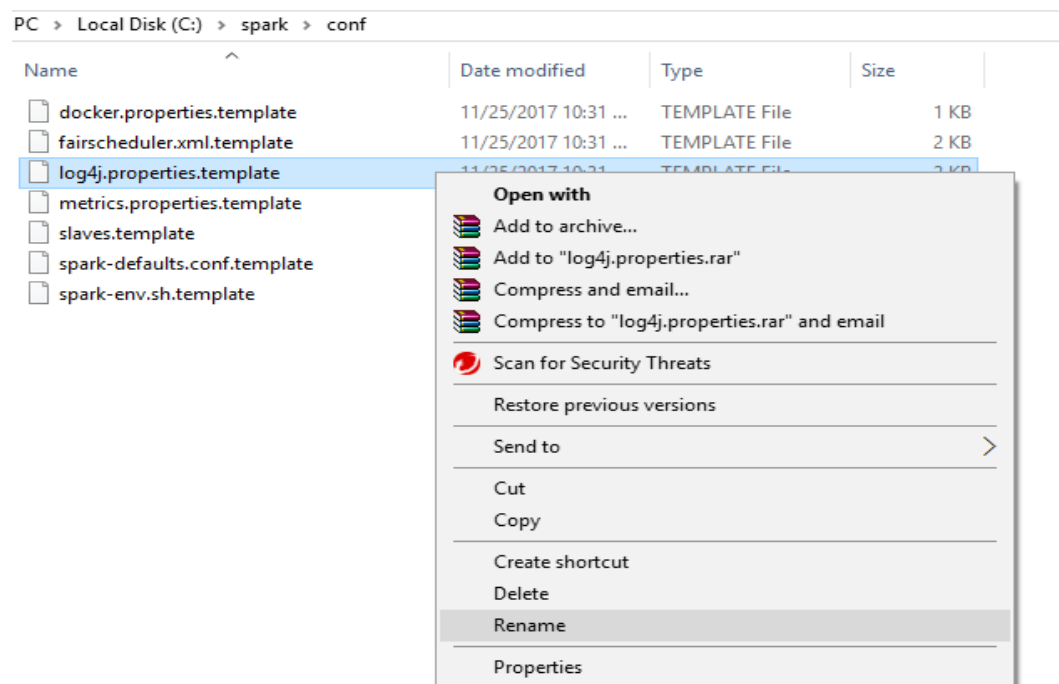
PC > Local Disk (C:) > SparkPythonCourse > softwares > spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7 > spark-2.2.1-bin-hadoop2.7 >				
Name	Date modified	Type	Size	
bin	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
conf	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
data	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
examples	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
jars	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
licenses	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
python	12/17/2017 1:54 PM	File folder		
R	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
sbin	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
yarn	12/17/2017 1:53 PM	File folder		
LICENSE	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	File	18 KB	
NOTICE	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	File	25 KB	
README.md	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	MD File	4 KB	
RELEASE	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	File	1 KB	

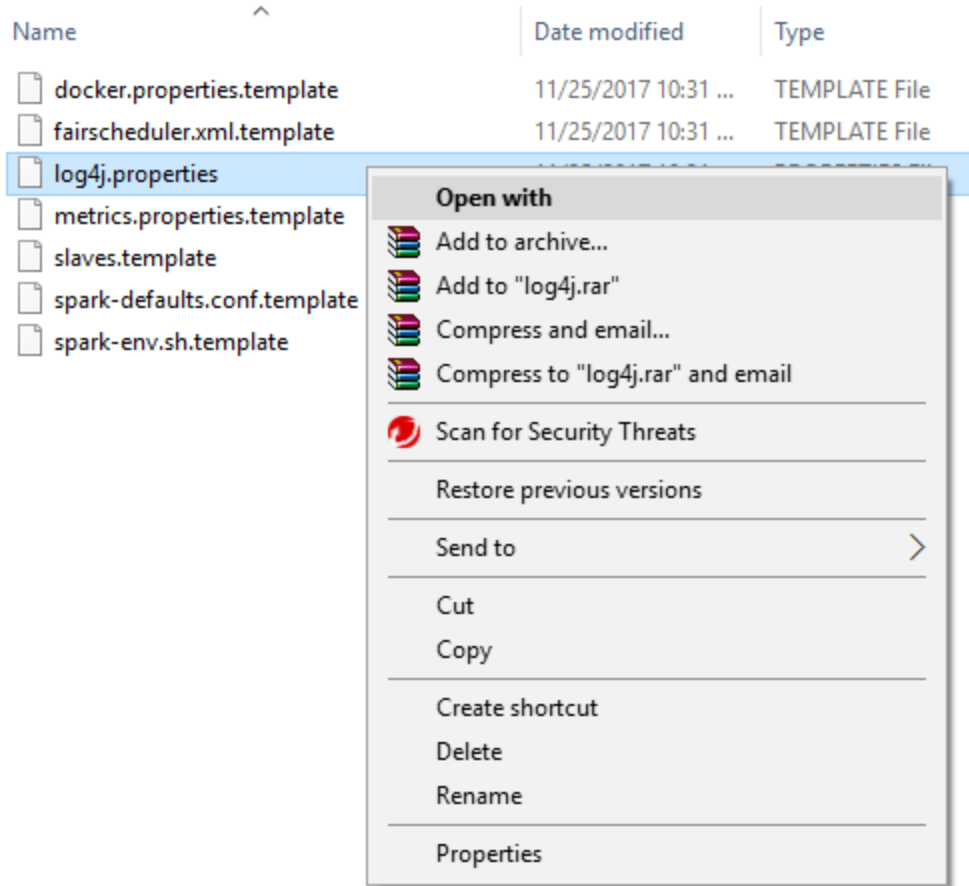
We are now ready to install Apache Spark. Create a new folder in C drive names spark and copy whole content (shown in the above picture) into that folder (as in picture below).

PC > Local Disk (C:) > spark

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
bin	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
conf	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
data	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
examples	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
jars	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
licenses	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
python	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
R	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
sbin	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
yarn	12/17/2017 2:04 PM	File folder	
LICENSE	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	File	18 KB
NOTICE	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	File	25 KB
README.md	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	MD File	4 KB
RELEASE	11/25/2017 10:31 ...	File	1 KB

Now go to the `conf` folder and rename the file `log4j.properties.template` to `log4j.properties` by excluding the last part of the name.






Next, open the renamed file by using *Open With* and open the file with WordPad. Here replace INFO by ERROR in the line `log4j.rootCategory=INFO, console` (shown below) then save and close the file in usual way.



```
#

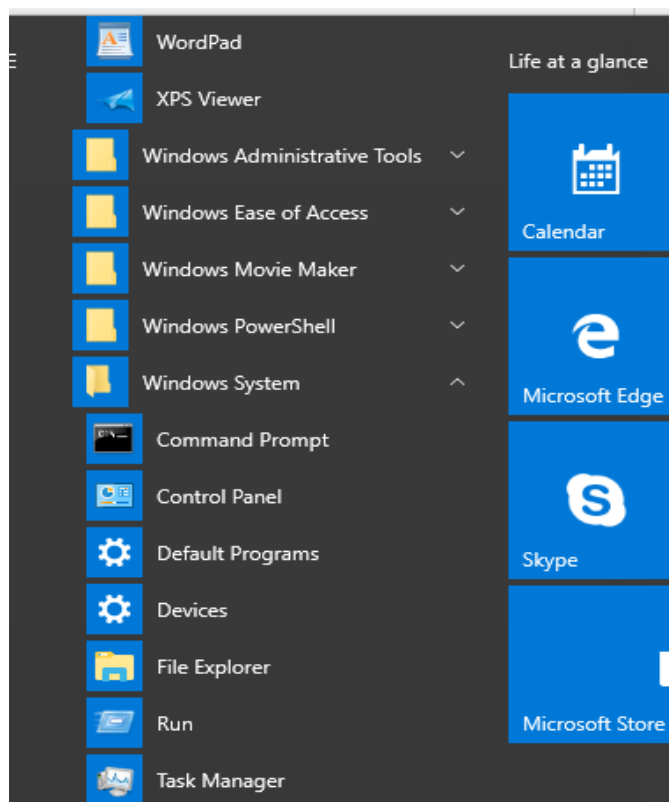
# Set everything to be logged to the console
log4j.rootCategory=INFO, console
log4j.appender.console=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender
log4j.appender.console.target=System.err
log4j.appender.console.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
log4j.appender.console.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{yy/MM/dd
HH:mm:ss} %p %c{1}: %m%n
```

Then you have to download winutils.exe from the website (skip this if you are not a windows user) <http://sundog-spark.s3.amazonaws.com/winutils.exe>. Create a new folder in C drive named **winutils**, inside the **winutils** folder create another folder named **bin** and copy this **winutils.exe** file to that **bin** folder (shown below).

PC > Local Disk (C:) > winutils > bin		
Name	Date modified	Type
 winutils.exe	12/17/2017 2:30 PM	Application

In the next step we have to integrate everything to make the system workable. Let us create a folder named **tmp** in the C drive and within that create another folder named **hive**, that is, c:\tmp\hive would be the directory for that folder.

We are nearly done. Go to the *Command Prompt* window under Windows System in Windows 10 (other versions may have different view)



#### Command Prompt

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\tumpa>cd c:\winutils\bin

c:\winutils\bin>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 4C3B-196B

Directory of c:\winutils\bin

12/17/2017  02:36 PM    <DIR>          .
12/17/2017  02:36 PM    <DIR>          ..
12/17/2017  02:30 PM               108,032 winutils.exe
               1 File(s)              108,032 bytes
               2 Dir(s)  34,133,250,048 bytes free

c:\winutils\bin>
```

#### Select Command Prompt

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\tumpa>cd c:\winutils\bin

c:\winutils\bin>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 4C3B-196B

Directory of c:\winutils\bin

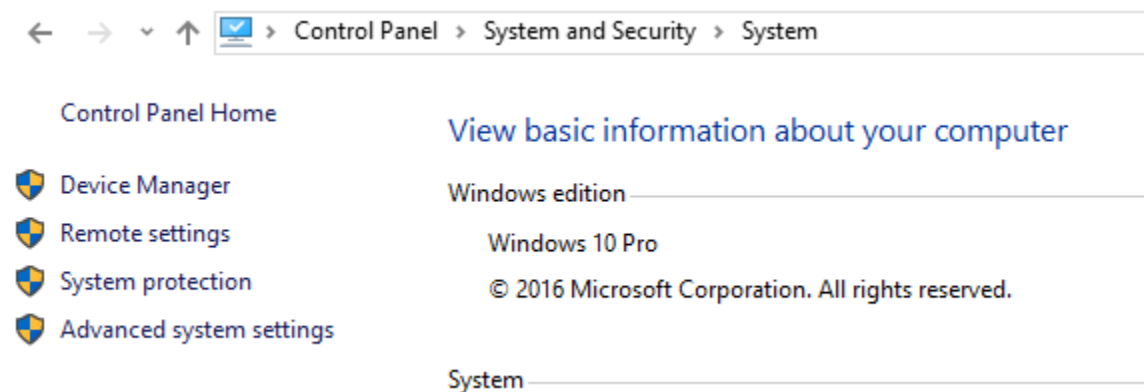
12/17/2017  02:36 PM    <DIR>          .
12/17/2017  02:36 PM    <DIR>          ..
12/17/2017  02:30 PM               108,032 winutils.exe
               1 File(s)              108,032 bytes
               2 Dir(s)  33,108,463,616 bytes free

c:\winutils\bin>winutils.exe chmod 777 c:\tmp\hive

c:\winutils\bin>
```

Okay, it is passed outright! We are done! This completes all file formation to run Spark successfully in the system. (Note: If not, you may see some error message related to access issues or path recognition. In such situations, you may need to provide access permission to the folder c:\tmp\hive, hope this will solve the problem.)

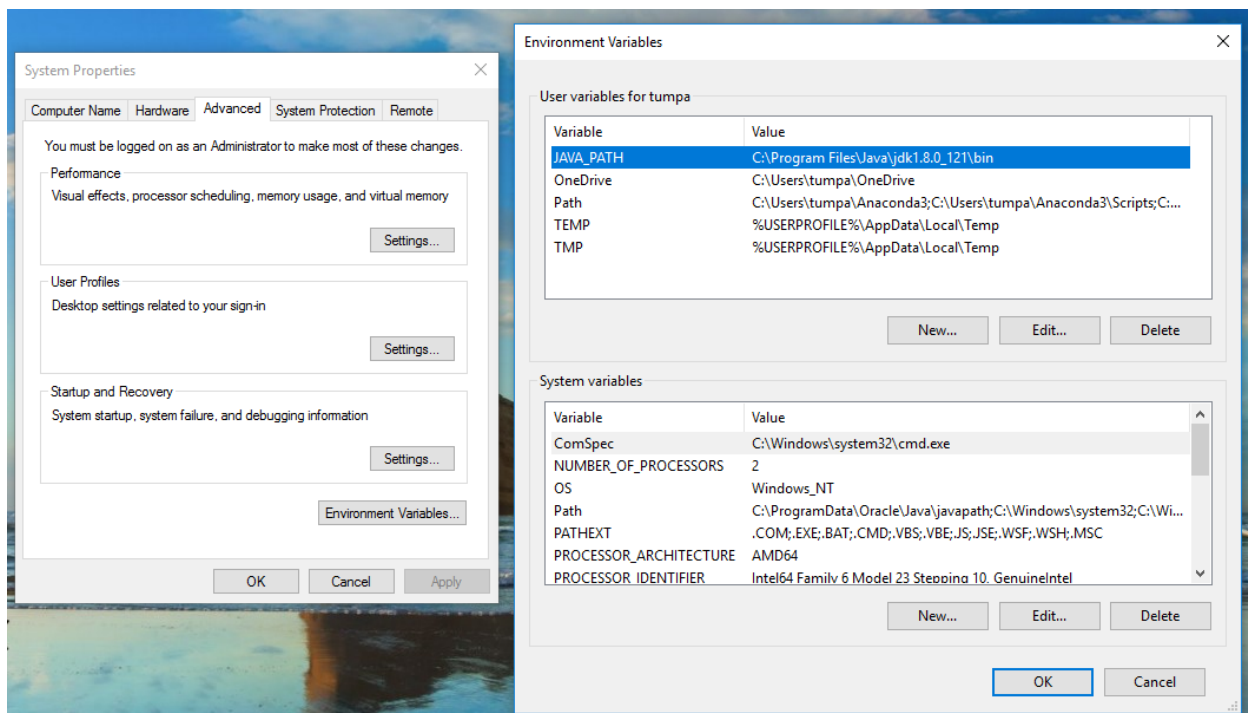
**Environmental Variable:** Enter from *Control Panel to System and Security* and then to *System* (shown below).

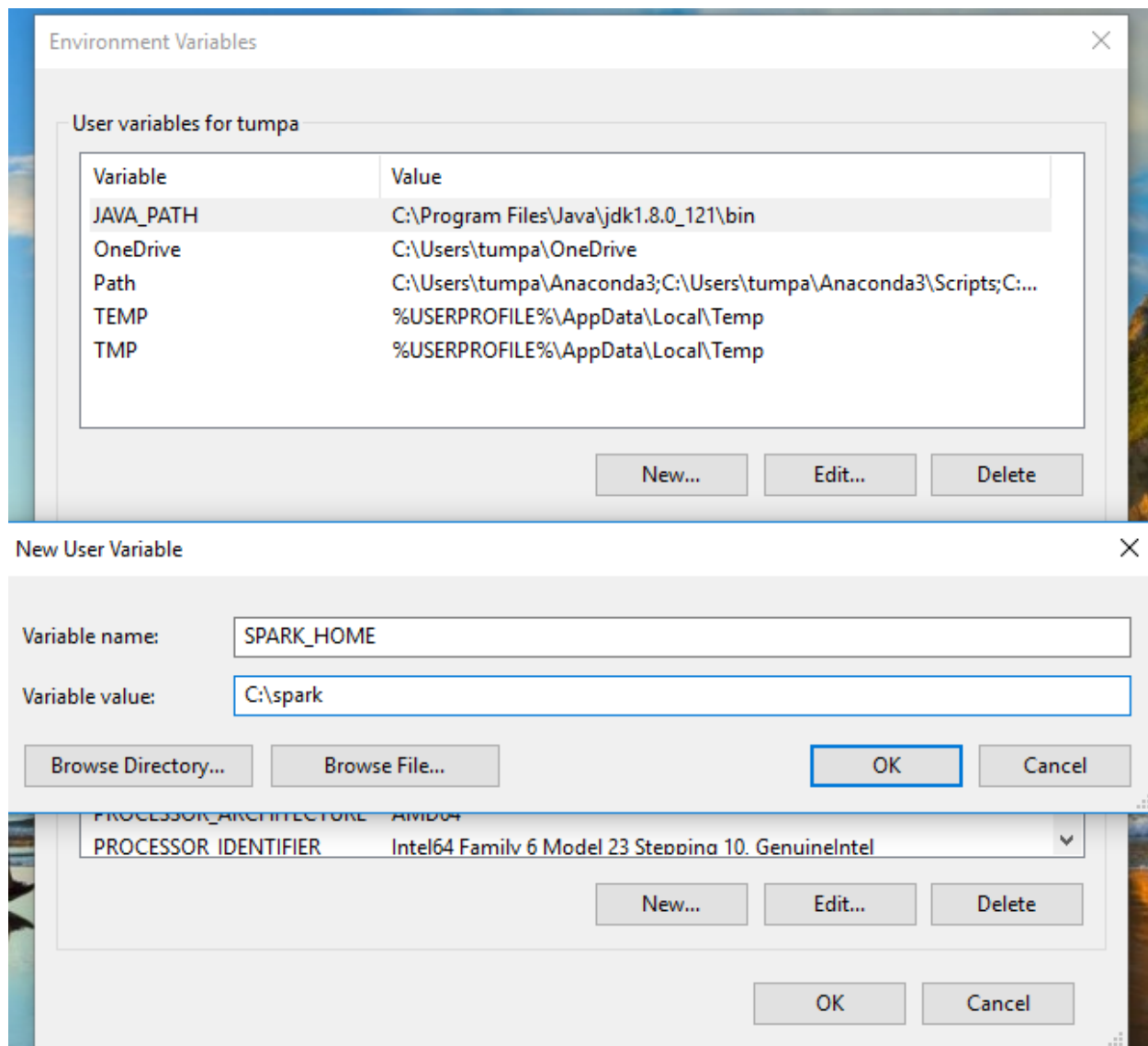


Click on *Advanced system settings* and then *Environment Variables* (shown below, left window). This will open the right window in the picture below. Then we select the new *User variable for user (user name)* by clicking on *New*, write new user variable name

Variable name: SPARK\_HOME

Variable value: C:\spark

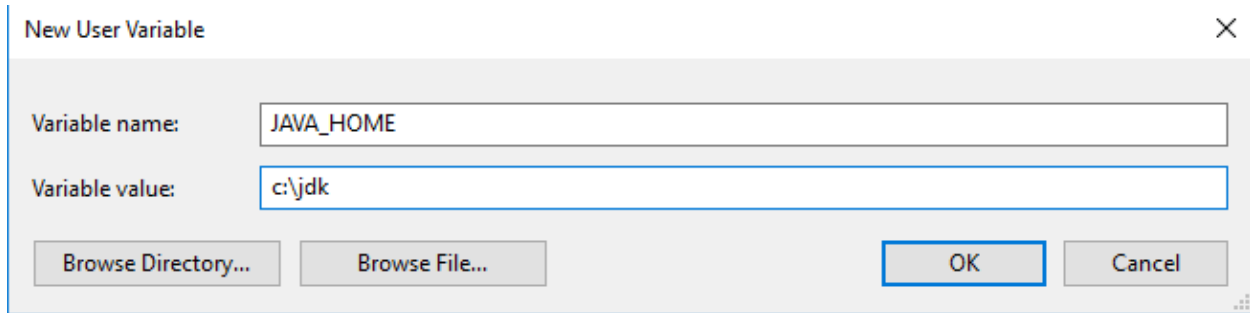




Similarly, enter another user variable name for Java with value.

Variable name: JAVA\_HOME

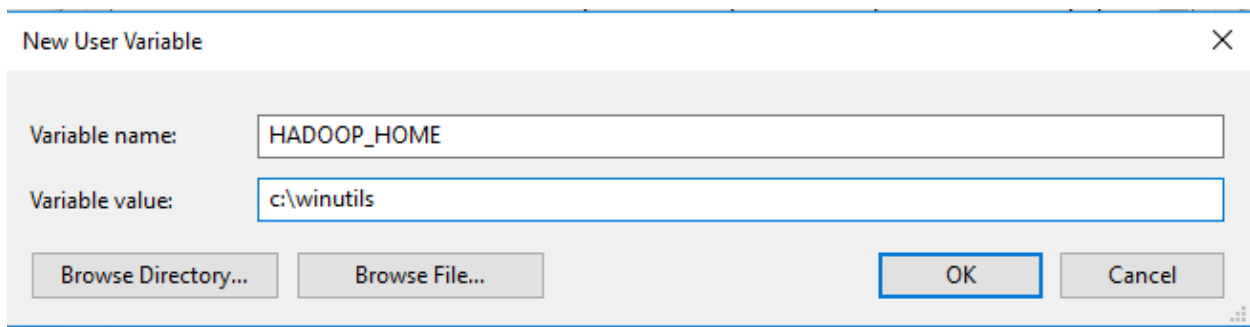
Variable value: c:\jdk



Finally, we have to assign the path for Hadoop home by creating a new variable in the above mentioned process. This will complete the environmental variable set up.

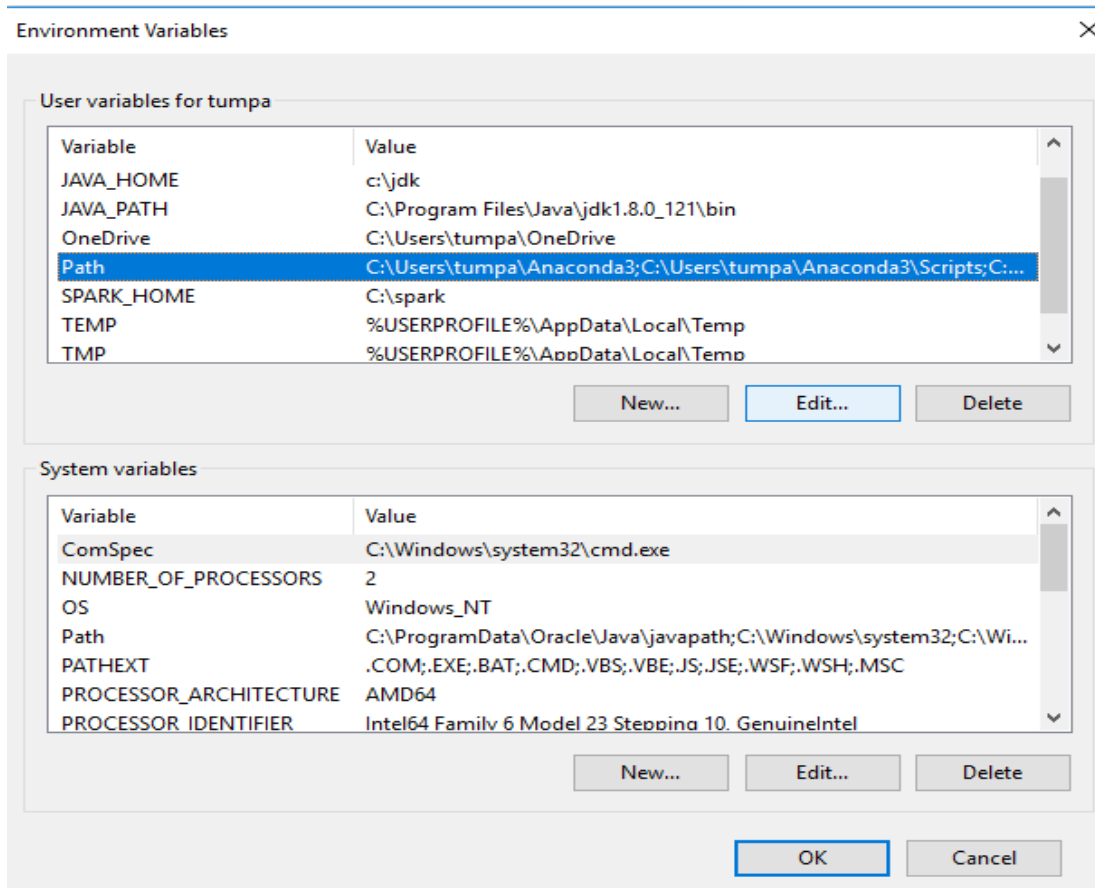
Variable name: HADOOP\_HOME

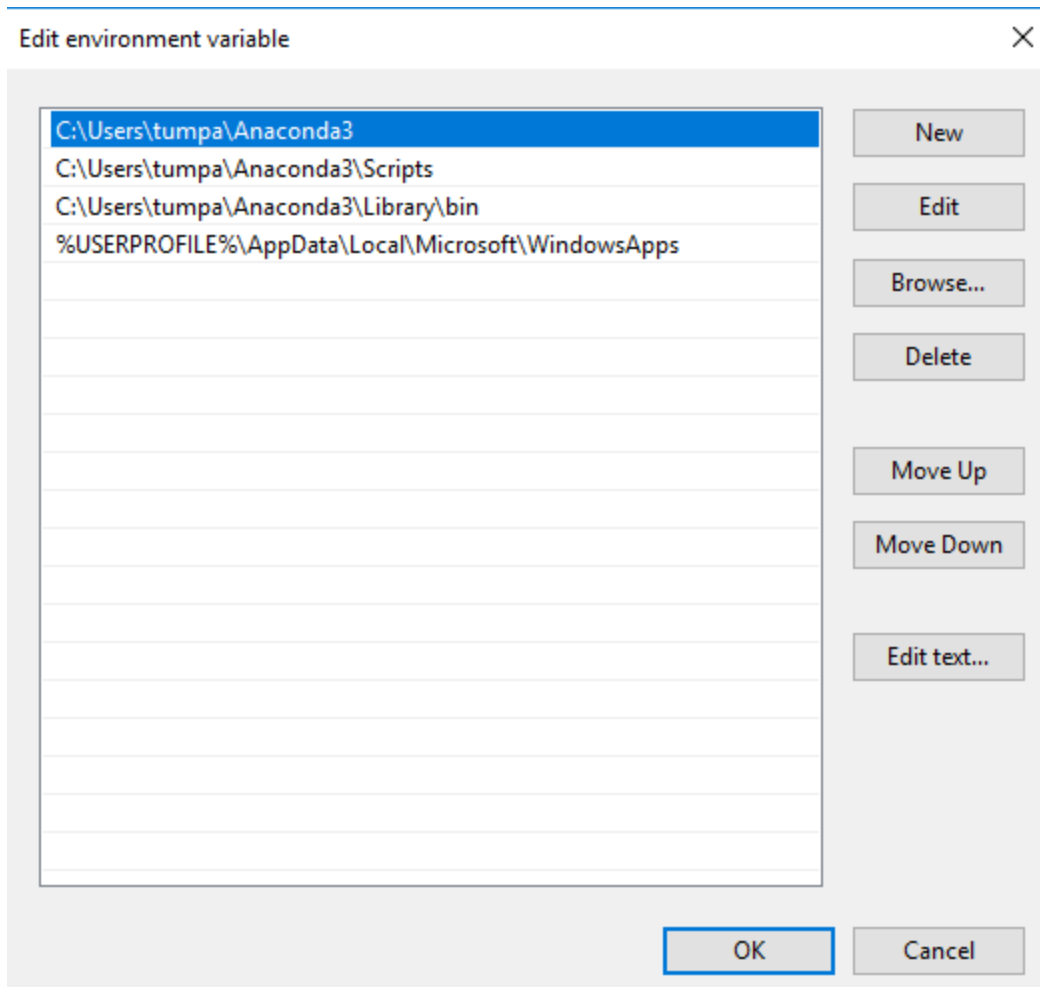
Variable value: c:\winutils



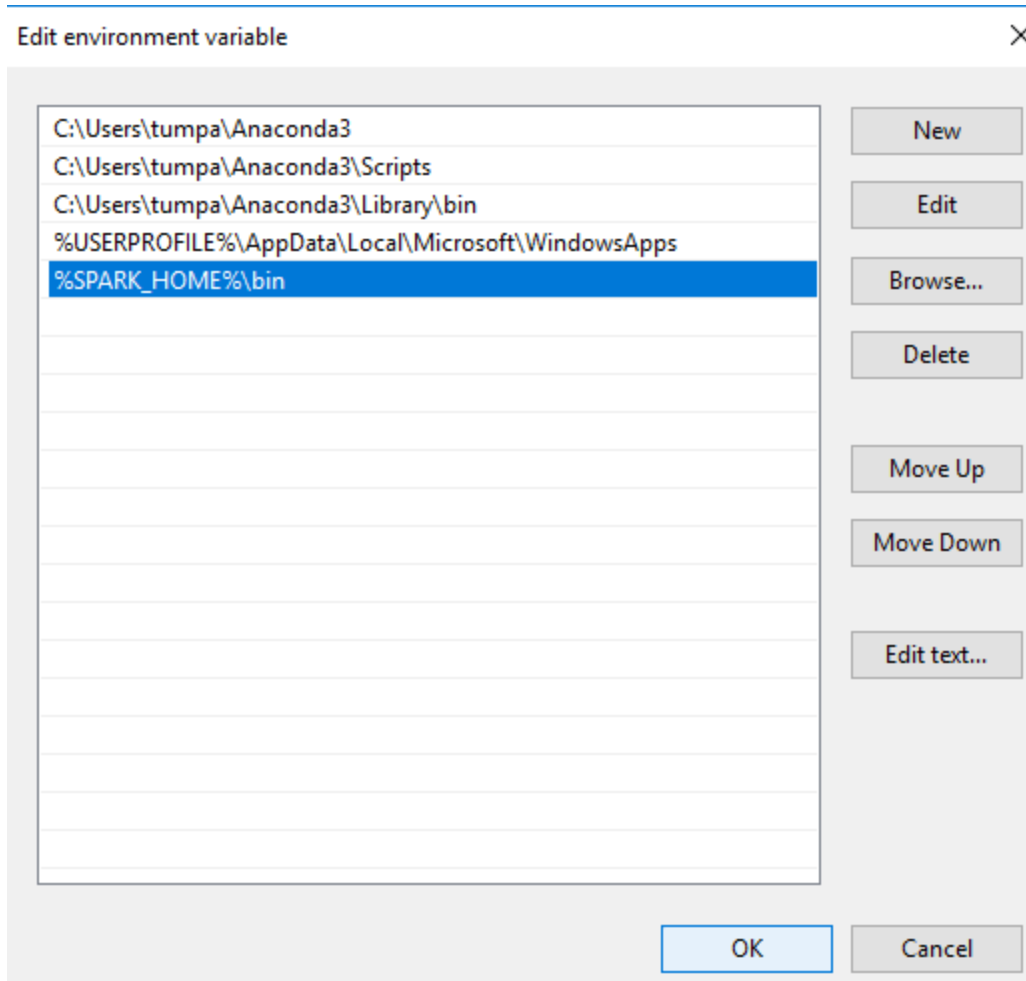
Further, we have to edit the path for these variables. Click on *Path* (as highlighted in the screen below) and then pressing *Edit* will provide another window given below.



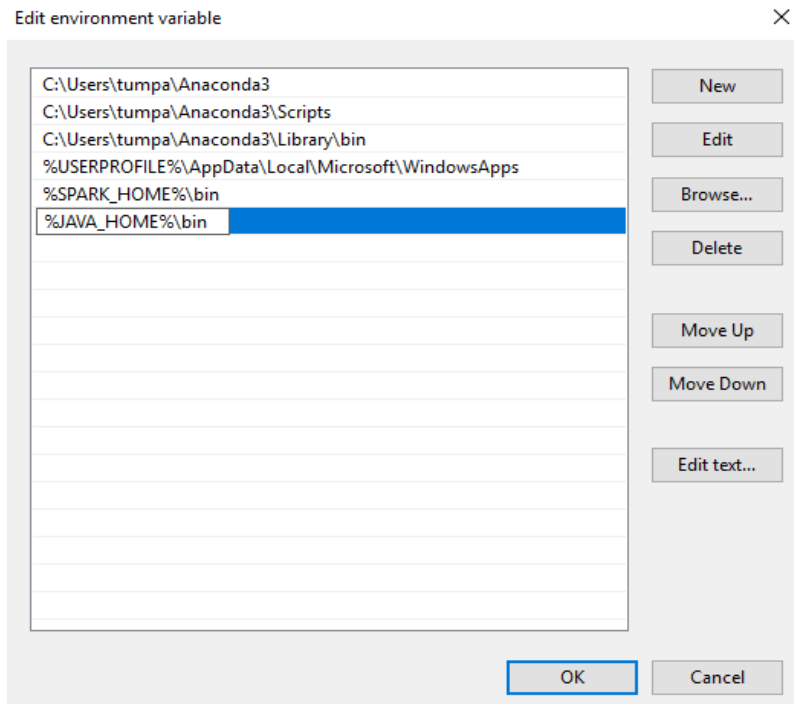




In the above window, click on *New* and enter %SPARK\_HOME%\bin

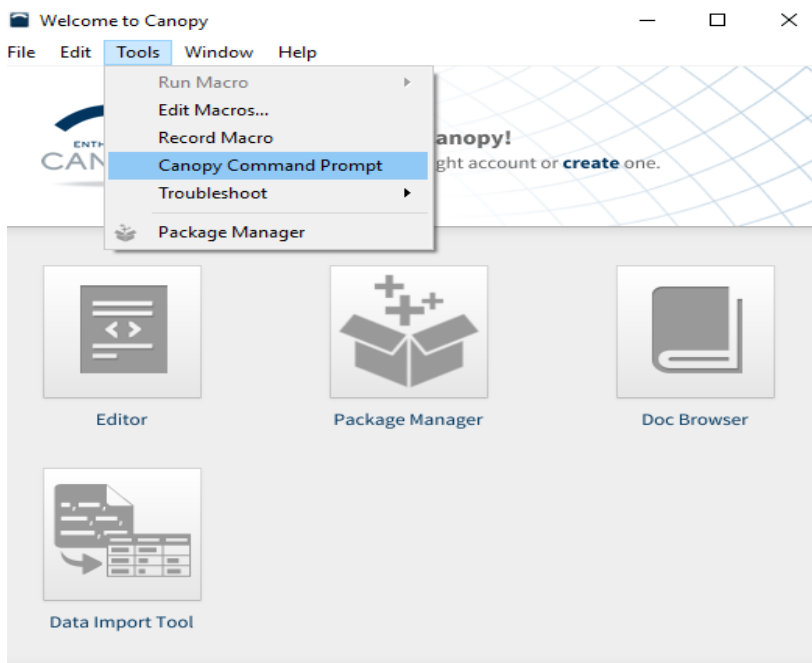


Add another one, %JAVA\_HOME%\bin.



All done now. Keep clicking on *OK* until all is OK for this set up and close the window.

It is now time to start checking whether the whole lot of settings work or not. Let us start by checking the Canopy. If you double click on the icon to start, you will see a screen like shown below. Now, click on *Tools* menu and start with *Canopy Command Prompt*.



Administrator: Canopy Command Prompt

```
(User) C:\Users\tumpa>cd c:\spark
```

Administrator: Canopy Command Prompt

```
(User) C:\Users\tumpa>cd c:\spark
```

```
(User) c:\spark>
```

The above windows confirm the installed Spark. You can see the directory by using the command

C:\spark>dir

Administrator: Canopy Command Prompt

```
(User) C:\Users\tumpa>cd c:\spark
```

```
(User) c:\spark>dir
```

Volume in drive C has no label.

Volume Serial Number is 4C3B-196B

Directory of c:\spark

12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	.
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	..
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	bin
12/17/2017	02:18 PM	<DIR>	conf
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	data
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	examples
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	jars
11/25/2017	10:31 AM		17,881 LICENSE
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	licenses
11/25/2017	10:31 AM		24,645 NOTICE
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	python
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	R
11/25/2017	10:31 AM		3,809 README.md
11/25/2017	10:31 AM		128 RELEASE
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	sbin
12/17/2017	02:04 PM	<DIR>	yarn
		4 File(s)	46,463 bytes
		12 Dir(s)	33,109,692,416 bytes free

```
(User) c:\spark>_
```

Finally, start pyspark from the command line as in the screen below. If it is successful, you will see a welcome screen with Spark as shown in picture

```
Administrator: Canopy Command Prompt
(User) C:\Users\tumpa>cd c:\spark

(User) c:\spark>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 4C3B-196B

Directory of c:\spark

12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          .
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          ..
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          bin
12/17/2017  02:18 PM    <DIR>          conf
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          data
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          examples
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          jars
11/25/2017  10:31 AM             17,881 LICENSE
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          licenses
11/25/2017  10:31 AM             24,645 NOTICE
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          python
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          R
11/25/2017  10:31 AM             3,809 README.md
11/25/2017  10:31 AM             128 RELEASE
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          sbin
12/17/2017  02:04 PM    <DIR>          yarn
               4 File(s)          46,463 bytes
              12 Dir(s)  33,109,692,416 bytes free

(User) c:\spark>pyspark_
```

```
Administrator: Canopy Command Prompt - pyspark
12/17/2017 02:04 PM <DIR> R
11/25/2017 10:31 AM 3,809 README.md
11/25/2017 10:31 AM 128 RELEASE
12/17/2017 02:04 PM <DIR> sbin
12/17/2017 02:04 PM <DIR> yarn
4 File(s) 46,463 bytes
12 Dir(s) 33,109,692,416 bytes free

(User) c:\spark>pyspark
Enthought Deployment Manager -- https://www.enthought.com
Python 3.5.2 |Enthought, Inc. (x86_64)| (default, Mar 2 2017, 16:37:47) [MSC v.1900 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
Setting default log level to "WARN".
To adjust logging level use sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
17/12/17 23:16:59 WARN NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable
17/12/17 23:17:30 WARN ObjectStore: Version information not found in metastore. hive.metastore.schema.validation is not enabled so recording the schema version 1.2.0
17/12/17 23:17:30 WARN ObjectStore: Failed to get database default, returning NoSuchObjectException
17/12/17 23:17:36 WARN ObjectStore: Failed to get database global_temp, returning NoSuchObjectException
Welcome to

  ____      _
 / ___|    / \
| |  | |  / _ \
| |  | | / ___ \
| |  | |/_/   \_\
| |  | |
| |  | |
|_|  |_|

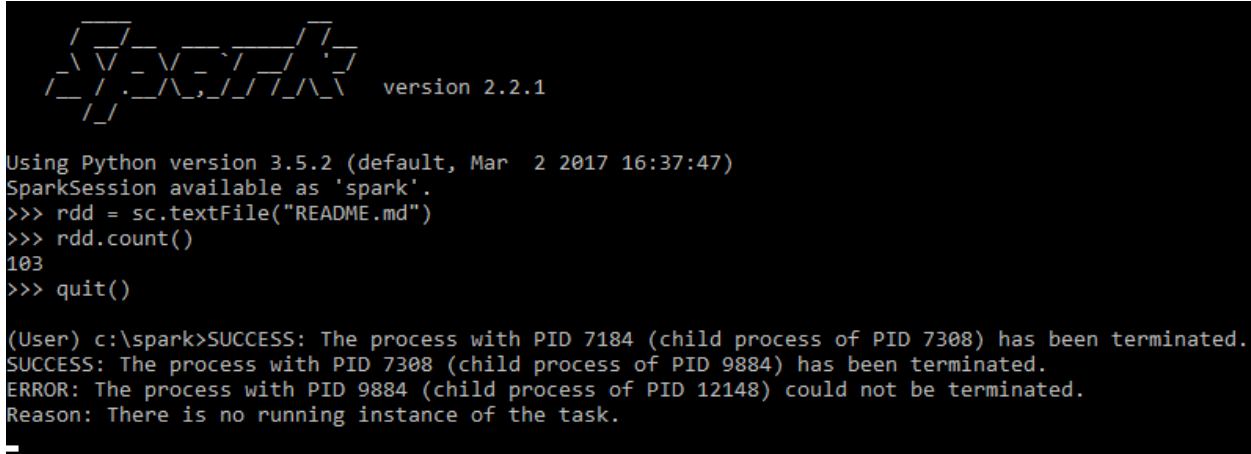
 version 2.2.1

Using Python version 3.5.2 (default, Mar 2 2017 16:37:47)
SparkSession available as 'spark'.
>>>
```

We saw that in the directory there is a README.md file (in some other version this can be a text file with extension txt). We read the file and count the number of line. Cool, there are 103 lines: so Spark is working with Python.







**Fire off PySpark:** Write a python script (file name of our example script is `ActionOnRDD.py`) as shown in the snippet below. Then go to the directory of the written script from the command prompt and run the script by using the `command spark-submit ActionOnRDD.py`. If everything is alright, you will see outcomes as has been displayed in the screenshot.

```

1 from pyspark import SparkConf, SparkContext
2
3 conf = SparkConf().setMaster("local").setAppName("LoanDataPractice")
4 sc = SparkContext(conf = conf)
5
6 def fprint(x): print(x)
7
8 rdd1 = sc.parallelize([1, 2, 3])
9
10 print("Print each element of RDD1:")
11 rdd1.foreach(fprint)
12
13 print("Counting Value in RDD1: ", rdd1.count() )
14
15 rdd2 = sc.parallelize([1,2,1,1,2])
16 print("Counting Value in RDD2: ", rdd2.count() )
17 print("Count by Value in RDD2: ", rdd2.countByValue() )
18
19 print("Reduce to Sum of Values in RDD1: ", rdd1.reduce( lambda x,y: x + y ) )
20 print("Take the First Value from the Beginning in RDD1: ", rdd1.take(1) )
21 print("Take the First 2 Values from the Beginning in RDD1: ", rdd1.take(2) )
22 print("Take the First 10 Values from the Beginning in RDD1: ", rdd1.take(10))

```

```
(User) c:\SparkPythonCourse\programs>spark-submit ActionOnRDD.py
Print each element of RDD1:
1
2
3
Counting Value in RDD1: 3
Counting Value in RDD2: 5
Count by Value in RDD2: defaultdict(<class 'int'>, {1: 3, 2: 2})
Reduce to Sum of Values in RDD1: 6
Take the First Value from the Beginning in RDD1: [1]
Take the First 2 Values from the Beginning in RDD1: [1, 2]
Take the First 10 Values from the Beginning in RDD1: [1, 2, 3]
```

## 1.2 Anaconda with Jupyter Notebook for Windows 10

**Install Python IDE:** Download and install Anaconda in the C drive with the path c:\Anaconda3

**Note:** Install JAVA, SPARK and all relevant tools as has been done in the as has been done in the previous section 1.1. In addition to the path and environmental variable settings make sure the following settings for environmental variables and path.

Edit User Variable

Variable name: SPARK\_HOME

Variable value: C:\spark

Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel

Edit User Variable

Variable name: PYSPARK\_PYTHON

Variable value: c:\spark\python\pyspark

Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel

Edit User Variable

Variable name: PYSPARK\_DRIVER\_PYTHON

Variable value: C:\Anaconda3\Scripts\jupyter.exe

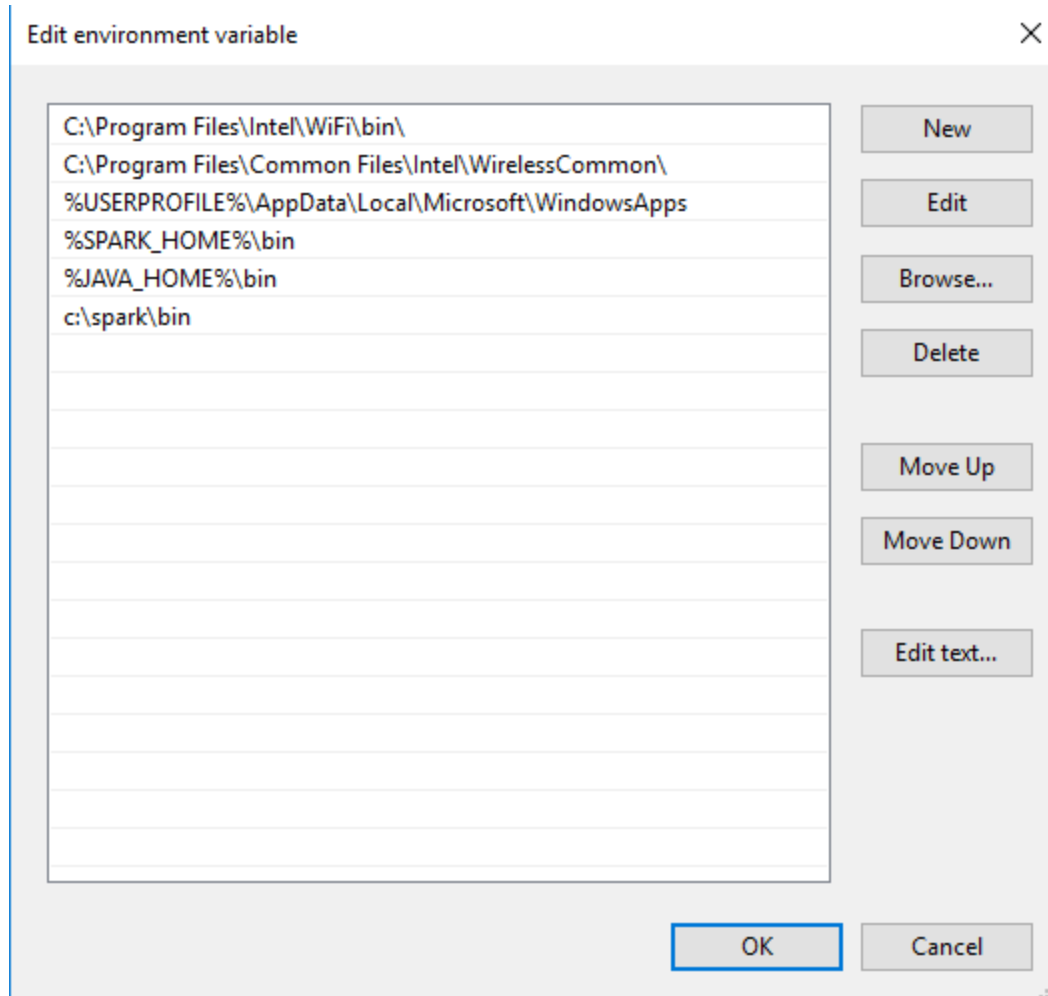
Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel

Edit User Variable

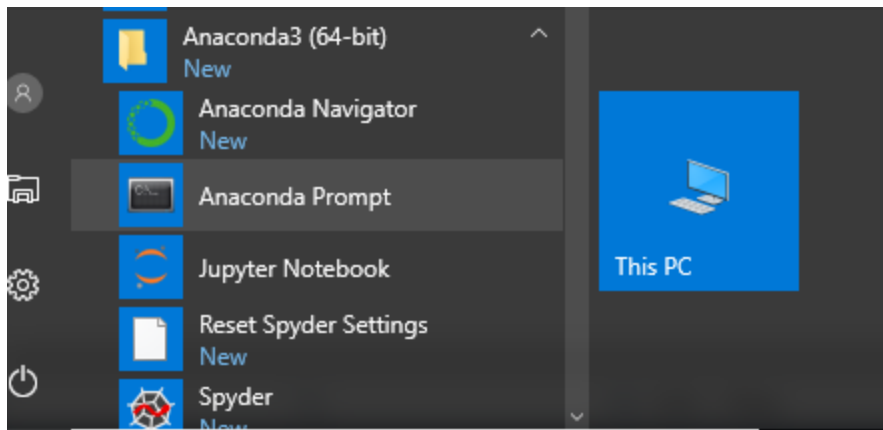
Variable name: PYSPARK\_DRIVER\_PYTHON\_OPTS

Variable value: notebook

Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel



**Fire off PySpark:** To fire off PySpark, find Anaconda from the program list via the start menu and select either Anaconda Prompt (or Jupyter Notebook) directly. After opening a untitled notebook, you will see a screen with Jupyter Ipython notebook kernel.



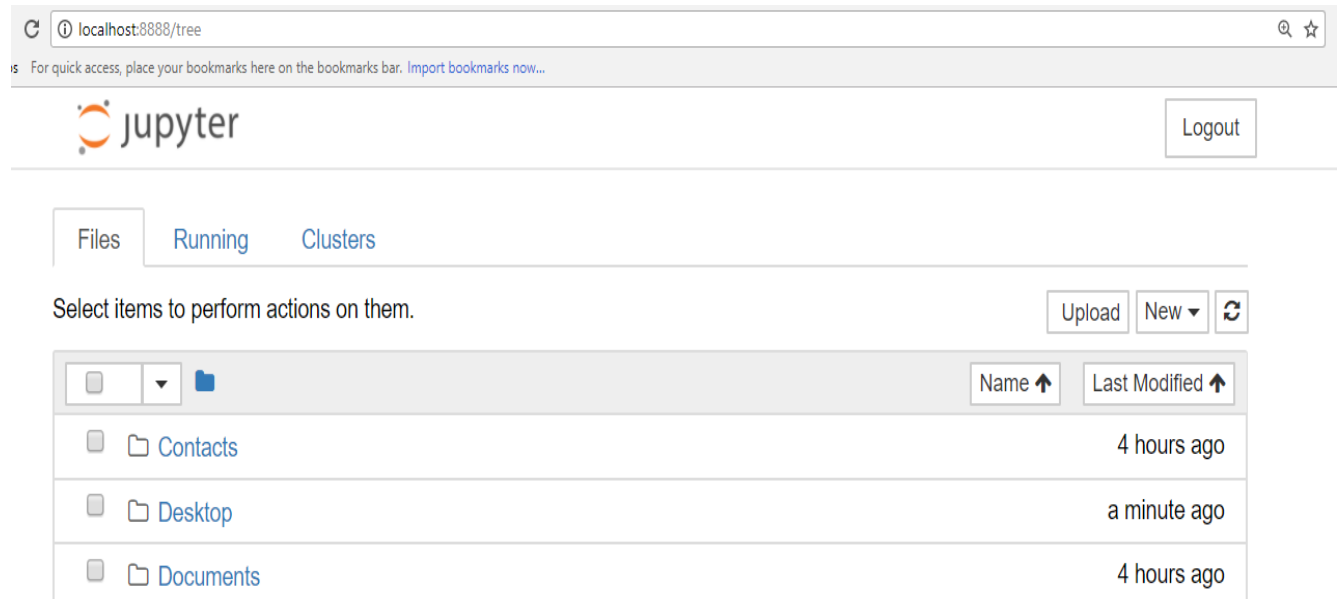
Anaconda Prompt

```
(C:\Anaconda3) C:\Users\Teacher>_
```

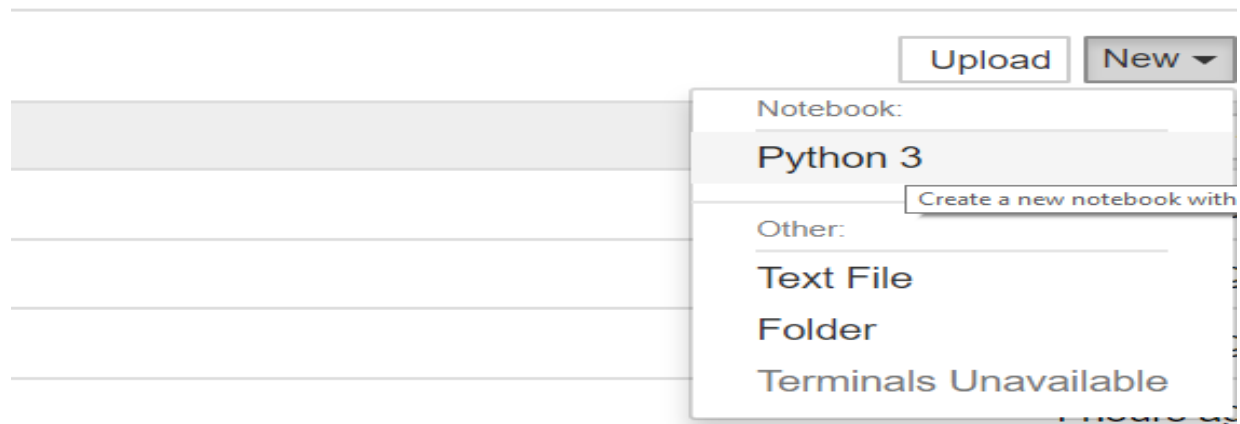
```
pyspark

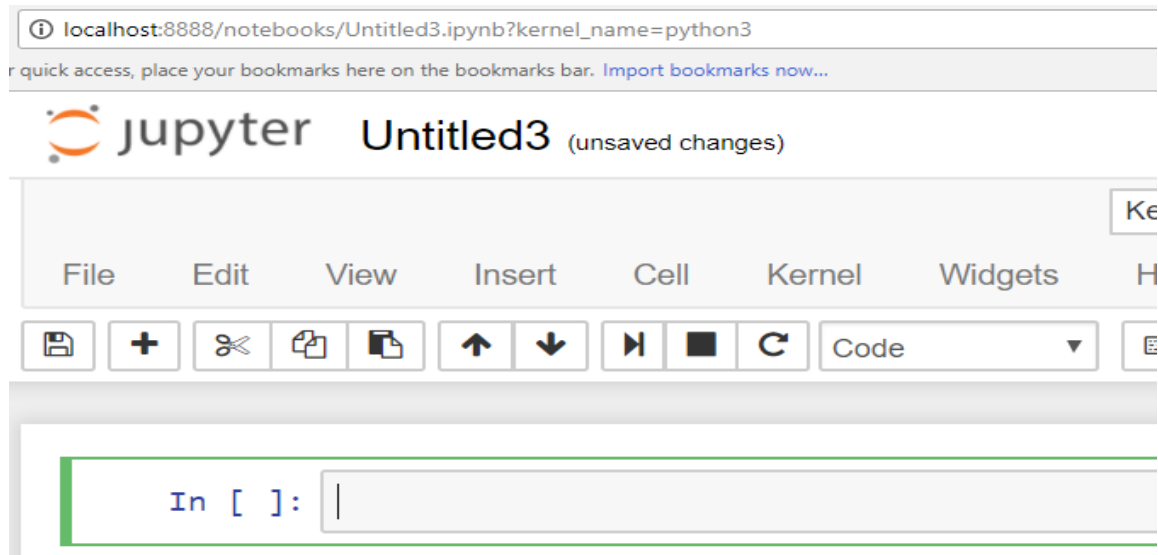
(C:\Anaconda3) C:\Users\Teacher>pyspark
[I 11:55:15.515 NotebookApp] JupyterLab alpha preview extension loaded from C:\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\jupyterlab
JupyterLab v0.27.0
Known labextensions:
[I 11:55:15.515 NotebookApp] Running the core application with no additional extensions or settings
[I 11:55:15.640 NotebookApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: C:\Users\Teacher
[I 11:55:15.640 NotebookApp] 0 active kernels
[I 11:55:15.640 NotebookApp] The Jupyter Notebook is running at: http://localhost:8888/?token=ae8bd90baa878c7b06ffd019830d7fbf5a71677cfb7abb7c
[I 11:55:15.640 NotebookApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
[C 11:55:15.640 NotebookApp]

Copy/paste this URL into your browser when you connect for the first time,
to login with a token:
    http://localhost:8888/?token=ae8bd90baa878c7b06ffd019830d7fbf5a71677cfb7abb7c
[I 11:55:15.843 NotebookApp] Accepting one-time-token-authenticated connection from ::1
```

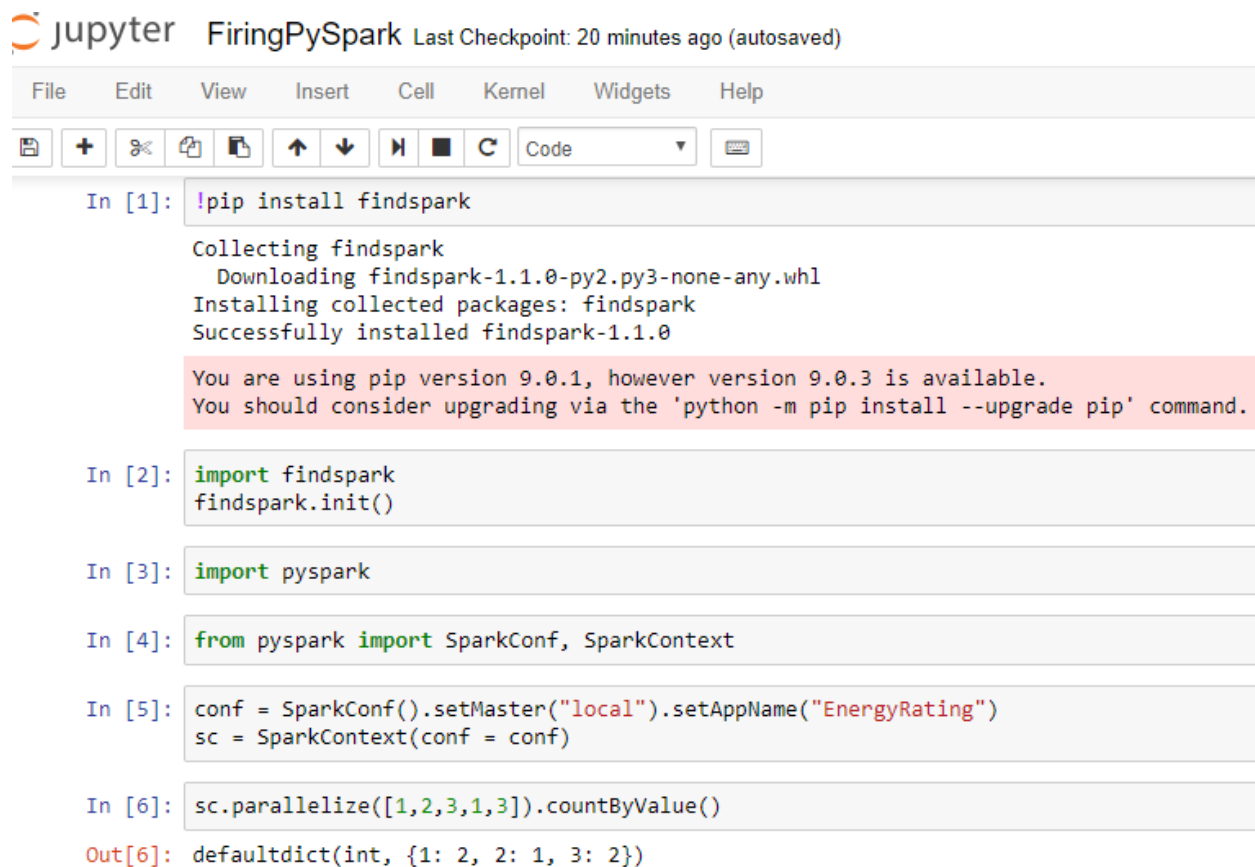


Look carefully the empty and untitled Jupyter Notebook. On the top-right corner of the kernel, click on **New** and open a notebook for **Python 3** (as can be seen below).





Rename the file (if and as you wish) and use following commands (shown in the snippet) to call pyspark environment in jupyter notebook.



## 1.3 Jupyter Notebook via Ubuntu on VirtualBox for Windows 10

This section has been supplemented in an appendix, please see Appendix A.